Action No. 1103-14112 E-File Name: EVQ19TWINNR

Appeal No.

IN THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH OF ALBERTA JUDICIAL CENTRE OF EDMONTON

IN THE MATTER OF THE TRUSTEE ACT, R.S.A. 2000, c. T-8, AS AMENDED, and

IN THE MATTER OF THE SAWRIDGE BAND INTER VIROS SETTLEMENT CREATED BY CHIEF WALTER PATRICK TWINN, OF THE SAWRIDGE INDIAN BAND, NO, 19, now known as SAWRIDGE FIRST NATION ON APRIL 15, 1985 (the "1985 Sawridge Trust")

ROLAND TWINN, MARGARET WARD, TRACEY SCARLETT, EVERETT JUSTIN TWIN AND DAVID MAJESKI, as Trustees for the 1985 Trust ("Sawridge Trustees")

Applicants

OCT 0 3 2019

PROCEEDINGS

Edmonton, Alberta April 25, 2019

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3 4	April 25, 2019	Afternoon Session
5 6 7	The Honourable Mr. Justice Henderson	Court of Queen's Bench of Alberta
8 9 10	D.C.E. Bonora	For R. Twinn, M. Ward, B. L'Hirondelle, E. Twinn, and D. Majeski
11 12	M.S. Sestito	For R. Twinn, M. Ward, B. L'Hirondelle, E. Twinn, and D. Majeski
13 14 15	C. OsualdiniD.D. RislingJ.L. Hutchison	For Catherine Twinn For Catherine Twinn For the Office of the Public Trustee
16 17 18	R.J. Faulds, Q.C. N. Varevac	For the Office of the Public Trustee Court Clerk
19 20 21	Discussion	
22 23	THE COURT:	Good afternoon, please be seated. Okay.
24 25 26	MS. BONORA: some introductions.	Good afternoon, Sir. Perhaps I'll just start with
27 28	THE COURT:	Sure.
29 30 31 32 33		So Doris Bonora on behalf of the trustees with for Catherine Twinn is Crista Osualdini and Dave Public Trustee and Guardian Janet Hutchison and
34 35	THE COURT:	Okay, good.
36 37 38	MS. BONORA: question	Sir, you've asked us to address a foundational
39 40	THE COURT:	Yes.
41	MS. BONORA:	by email and there have been some discussions

around the issue.

3 THE COURT:

Yes.

5 MS. BONORA:

And I also in my discussions with Ms. Osualdini

was reminded that Mr. Molstad was also involved in that matter so I also called him.

I thought I'd just address a couple of points but I will tell you that Ms. Hutchison and Mr. Faulds have advised that they would like time to consider this issue. Mr. Molstad has also asked for some time. And I think all of the parties might benefit from some advice from you in respect of exactly how it collides with the jurisdictional issue.

13 THE COURT:

Sure. Would you like me to speak to that?

15 MS. BONORA:

Sure.

1617 THE COURT:

Let me start by saying I've approached this case with a fresh set of eyes. So the way I view it may not be the way you view it or the way other parties have viewed it or the way other judges have viewed it. So I've approached it from a fresh perspective with a view to ensuring that I have sufficient information available to come to a correct decision with respect to the jurisdictional issue that you've properly raised.

So I went back to the original documentation, the 1982 trust deed, and I compared it to the 1985 trust deed, Declaration of Trust, and I guess I was a little surprised to see the close parallels between the two. And I also would premise all of my comments on this: I've not made any decision about anything. I'm raising concerns that I have. I'm sure we've got more than enough capable lawyers here to sort out my concerns. These are my concerns and I can tell you they're genuine, otherwise, I wouldn't be taking your time with them.

So I compared these two trust deeds and I said to myself, my goodness, this isn't really what I expected to see. I saw such close parallels that really the only fundamental difference between 1982 and 1985 from my perspective, other than some flowery language in some portions which is largely irrelevant -- the only difference is the definition of beneficiaries. I did also see a prohibition on -- in the 1982 trust deed, a prohibition on the use or diverting any of the trust assets for any purpose other than for the purposes identified in the trust, i.e. for the benefit of the beneficiaries who are defined to be present and future members of the band.

So I then began to look to see how we transition from 1982 to 1985. Saw very little information but I was able to locate the August 2016 materials and I read your materials. I

saw that there was limited evidence available to provide an explanation for what had transpired. But we do also have other background information of a circumstantial nature that does assist in understanding what went on and we know, at least one can infer -- and I'm happy to hear if you don't accept the inferences or where I'm headed but we do see that the 1985 trust was created for a very specific purpose. That purpose was to ensure that the trust assets were not going to be shared with a group of people who were likely to become members of the band as a result of proposed modifications to the *Indian Act* in 1985, which were imminent, and which would permit women, primarily, to re-join the band as members. And, therefore, if that happened without the trust being changed, they would then become beneficiaries of the trust.

So I confess that I had some concern with respect to what I was seeing. I asked myself how it could possibly be that we had really substantial assets -- I don't know, there's evidence or numbers kicking around 70 million or 220 million or whatever they are -- whatever the number is, it's a lot of money. So I had concerns with respect to how we were seeing a modification of a trust without any judicial approval, without any compliance with section 42, without anything other than simply the creation of a new trust. So I questioned -- and I could totally be wrong about this and I'm more than happy to hear all of you out -- I question the legitimacy of the 1985 trust declaration at all.

I did consider Justice Thomas' order -- a consent order of August 24th, 2016. You may consider that to be the total answer to all of the problems and you could well be right and I'm happy to hear you on that. On the surface I don't accept that but I'm open minded and I'm happy to hear from you. But I can tell you that I have fundamental concerns. So how does that relate to the issue that the parties together have defined for today the jurisdictional issue. I think you are all on board that there are three ways in which a trust can be varied. One is the reservation in the trust declaration. All of you are in agreement that that's not the case here so we put that aside.

Secondly is section 42 of the *Trustee Act*. We all agree that that's properly enforced and must be complied with. There's some disagreement with respect to whether enough effort has been made to try to comply but I would say -- again, without hearing more argument - that section 42 is definitely available. Whether it is practically available is really the issue and because we have competing interests the likelihood of getting a hundred percent approval is slim to nil and I would think nil is probably closer than slim. So practically speaking, section 42 doesn't look like a way to achieve the result that everyone would like.

Which leads to the ability of the Court at common law through the exercise of discretion to amend the terms of the trust apart from section 42 of the *Trustee Act*. And I think it's fair to say that the law in terms of my ability -- any Court's ability to modify the terms of a trust on that basis is quite limited. And to achieve that result through the common law or

through the exercise of my discretion as a result of the inherent powers that the Court may have is limited and I would have to go probably further to achieve that in this case than the law has gone to date, which means that I would need to proceed very cautiously. Not that I wouldn't proceed -- not that I wouldn't proceed cautiously but I would need to proceed cautiously.

If I am going to go down a path where I need to consider whether or not to exercise my discretion to develop the common law in a way that it hasn't quite been developed before, I need to consider as part of that analysis the other alternatives. What other alternatives are available that would make it unnecessary for me to go down the path which would extend the law beyond where it is today. One of the possibilities -- and again, I want to emphasize I've not made any decisions on any of this, I'm at the moment just talking so that you will collectively have an understanding as to what my level of concern is here and what the concern is.

One of the options here that is easily available is this 1985 trust doesn't have anything to do with anything we're talking about here today. The assets, while they may be situated in the 1985 trust -- because Justice Thomas said that they were -- are still subject to the 1982 trust terms. The definition of beneficiaries is members or future members of the band, that's the end of it. There still is some discrimination in the 1982 trust, which we would need to deal with because it -- it does contain identical language to the 1985 trust which deals with illegitimate children. So we would still have that hurdle but I see that as a much smaller hurdle than sort of the broader picture.

So the easiest thing to do here is just to say you haven't satisfied me that this 1985 trust is relevant. I'm not going to exercise my discretion to modify the definition of beneficiaries in the 1985 trust. 1982 is where we're going, that's where we are. Let's deal with illegitimate children. I'm not saying I've come to that conclusion but that -- that is an avenue that is in my mind available subject to counsel telling me that there are roadblocks that prevent that from happening. And I would say that I would not come to that conclusion, if that is my conclusion ultimately -- I would not come to that conclusion lightly because I am conscious of the fact that there are potential consequences that could flow from that and that would obviously be troubling to me. But my primary responsibility is to determine what the facts are and apply the law to those facts. And if that drives me in one direction that none of the parties like, that's an unfortunate consequence.

So my plan is to figure out what the facts are, determine what the law is. I'm not afraid to extend the common law if that's where we need to go. Incrementally all that's probably something more appropriately done in the Court of Appeal or higher courts but I - I say all of this only to let you know that this is a concern for me. I see that you tried to clean it up in 2016 but to me that isn't the answer. So that's where we are.

1 2 3	MS. BONORA: would like an opportunity to research thi	Sir, given those comments, I think certainly we s issue and come
4 5 6	THE COURT:	Yes, that's
7 8	MS. BONORA:	back to you.
9 10	THE COURT:	Yes.
11 12 13	MS. BONORA: what he told me on the phone.	I think Mr. Molstad probably does as well, that's
14 15	THE COURT:	Sure.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	and quasi-community trusts, you've essissue. So I feel that perhaps today we sho	Certainly we need some instructions from our of making a few more arguments on public policy sentially said my argument on the jurisdictional ould adjourn so that we can all consider this issue I set I'm guessing some written materials would
23 24	THE COURT:	Yes, it would.
25 26 27	MS. BONORA: materials and find some time with you.	and perhaps we could set some dates for those
28 29 30	THE COURT: issue at the last minute but I can tell you	Sure, yes. And I apologize for sort of raising this that this has been an evolving process for me
31 32	MS. BONORA:	Yes.
33 34 35 36 37		as I've read your briefs and I chipped away at are not well organized. So when I write to you e materials aren't here, it's just that they're not
38 39 40 41	between the two trusts was an issue ic	We are so happy to provide those to you and we today. I mean, obviously, that issue of the transfer lentified. We thought we had solved it but we hat that is in fact solved and perhaps in our

investigations we'll find some other law that hasn't solved hat issue entirely so ...

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THE COURT:

Well, maybe it has been solved. I don't see it right now but I'm looking with open eyes just to see what I can find. So I'm not sure if any of the other counsel are concerned about the way we've gone but -- is everyone board with simply adjourning the jurisdictional issue so that briefs can be filed to supplement what's currently been filed to address some of the concerns that I've raised today?

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UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

Yes, My Lord.

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11 THE COURT:

The problem that we're going to have, I tell you this right now, is that you are not going to find time with my assistant any time soon. That's -- you're certainly free to tell her that you need time quickly but there's -- the practical reality is that you're going to have a hard time finding something until probably into September.

15 16

17 MS. BONORA:

Sir, maybe then we won't take more of the

Court's time this afternoon and we'll just speak with your assistant to try and find time.

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20 THE COURT:

Sure.

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22 MS. BONORA:

We'll speak amongst ourselves in terms of setting times for briefs, I'm sure that we can do that on our own, and perhaps even consider the possibility of just writing to you and seeing if you will make a decision just on bases of written materials. We'll speak amongst ourselves whether that's a possibility as well.

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THE COURT: If your written materials cover the waterfront, as much as I'm happy to hear from you I could also deal with it in written form. The one other thing I didn't say that I should say is I know that you presented a consent order to Justice Thomas and he signed it and I know that all of you have agreed that that order should be signed so it was truly a consent order. But you have to ask yourself a couple of questions with respect to that order. One is how solid is that order in the sense that it is ex parte visà-vis some potentially interested parties. I would not want to go down the path of spending another year or two or three years of applications and spending money that's ultimately coming out of the trust only to find that we have one individual who pops up and says. well, just hold on a minute now. I was -- I was a band member in 1982, I got married in 1983. I lost my band membership. I was just ready to come back in and lo and behold I had the rug pulled out from underneath me and I didn't hear about this application before Justice Thomas. I want that set aside. And you know what, there's -- there's a good argument to be made that it might be set aside there.

40 41

So you could spend a lot of time and effort going down a path which is premised on a 1 consent order which could fall and take you right back. Not wanting to alarm anyone but 2 it did occur to me that you've got people here who -- I mean, one, we've got enough lawyers 3 here to sink a ship but not all of the interests are properly cared for. Not everyone is 4 represented here. And I read someplace and I think it's quite appropriate, this is not a truly 5 adversarial process. This is a problem that we need solved. So it's a problem that needs to 6 be solved collectively but if we try to do that and we leave out one interested party who 7 steps up at the end of the day and says not for me and we have to unwind the whole thing, 8 we haven't advanced the situation very far. So in my mind we need to see if we can't do 9 this correctly the first time. 10 11 12 MS. BONORA: Well, and, Sir, that's why we raised the issue of the transfer because we didn't want to go through this whole process --13 14 15 THE COURT: Yes. 16 17 MS. BONORA: -- only to have somebody suggest that the transfer wasn't proper right from the start. 18 19 20 THE COURT: Well, it looks like Justice Thomas said the 21 transfer is proper but what flows from that I don't know. 22 23 MS. BONORA: Right. 24 25 THE COURT: And I wouldn't, as I said earlier, immediately conclude that what flows from that is that these trust assets are subject to the definition of 26 27 beneficiary in the 1985 trust. 28 29 MS. BONORA: So we'll address the issue of services as well for you and whether it binds all people, certainly. Okay. So we will try and work out a 30 schedule. We'll try and find time before you or agree that it will be in writing, and we thank 31 you very much today. So subject to anything my friends might have to say, I think we're 32 perhaps concluded for today. 33 34 35 THE COURT: Okay. 36 37 MS. BONORA: So thank you. 38 39 THE COURT: Good. Anything else? No. Any concerns? No.

okay. All right. So we'll adjourn then and we will resume when we can.

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1	MS. BONORA:	Thank you, Sir.
2 3	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:	Thank you, My Lord.
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6 7 8	PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED	
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Certificate of Record

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 I, Natalija Varevac, certify that this recording is the record made of the evidence of the proceedings in Court of Queen's Bench, held in courtroom 517 at Edmonton, Alberta, on the 25th day of April, 2019, and that I was the court official in charge of the sound recording machine during these proceedings.

1 2	Certificate of Transcript
3	I, Su Zaherie, certify that
5 6 7 8	(a) I transcribed the record, which was recorded by a sound recording machine, to the best of my skill and ability and the foregoing pages are a complete and accurate transcript of the contents of the record and
9 10	(b) the Certificate of record for these proceedings was included orally on the record and is transcribed in this transcript.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	TEZZ TRANSCRIPTION, Transcriber Order Number: AL-JO-1003-0576 Dated: April 26, 2019
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	